## Response Statement - Black Swift

December XX, 2015

Common Name: Black Swift Scientific Name: Cypseloides niger

Status assessment by the Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada (COSEWIC): Endangered

How the Minister of the Environment intends to respond to the assessment: The Minister of the Environment will forward the COSEWIC assessment of the Black Swift to the Governor in Council as soon as possible following completion of the normal consultation period and analysis as appropriate. During the normal consultation period, the Minister of Environment will consult with the governments of British Columbia and Alberta, Aboriginal peoples, stakeholders, and the public on whether or not the Black Swift should be added to the List of Wildlife Species at Risk (Schedule 1) under the Species at Risk Act as Endangered.

Once a species has been assessed by COSEWIC, further steps must be undertaken before it is added to Schedule 1 of the Species at Risk Act. For more information on this process, please view The Species Listing Process Under SARA.

Reason(s) for status designation provided by COSEWIC: Canada is home to about 80% of the North American population of this bird species. It nests in cliff-side habitats (often associated with waterfalls) in British Columbia and western Alberta. Like many other birds that specialize on a diet of flying insects, this species has experienced a large population decline over recent decades. The causes of the decline are not well understood, but are believed to be related to changes in food supply that may be occurring at one or more points in its life cycle. The magnitude and geographic extent of the decline are causes for conservation concern.

Occurrence: British Columbia, Alberta

Competent Minister(s): Minister of Environment Minister responsible for the Parks Canada Agency

Province(s) and territory (territories) to be consulted: British Columbia

Alberta

Applicable federal legislation: This species is protected under the Migratory Birds Convention Act, 1994. When the species is found within national parks of Canada or other lands administered by the Parks Canada Agency, it is protected or managed under the Canada National Parks Act or through measures or management tools available to the Parks Canada Agency under other legislation.